

## 737 Flight Crew Operations Manual

## Takeoff or Go-Around

If windshear is encountered during F/D takeoff or go-around, the F/D pitch command bar provides commands to maintain  $V_2 + 20$  kts until vertical speed decreases to approximately +600 fpm. At this point, the F/D pitch bar commands a 15 degree nose-up pitch attitude. If vertical speed continues to decrease, the F/D continues to command a 15 degree pitch attitude until a speed of approximately stick shaker is reached. It then commands pitch attitudes which result in intermittent activation of the stick shaker. As the airplane transits the windshear condition, the F/D programming reverses. As climb rate increases above approximately +600 fpm, the F/D commands pitch attitudes which result in acceleration back to  $V_2 + 20$  kts. The A/P and F/D both operate in a similar manner during A/P or F/D go-around.

## Approach and Landing

If windshear is encountered during an ILS approach, both the F/D and A/P attempt to hold the airplane on altitude, or on glideslope after glideslope capture, without regard to angle of attack or stick shaker limitations. Airspeed could decrease below stick shaker and into a stall if the pilot does not intervene by pushing the TO/GA switch or disconnecting the A/P and flying manually.

**WARNING:** Although the F/D, A/P and A/T may be performing as previously described, severe windshear may exceed the performance capability of the system and/or the airplane. In this situation, the flight crew must, if necessary to avoid ground contact, be prepared to disconnect the autothrottle, advance thrust levers to the forward stop, disconnect the autopilot and manually fly the airplane.